

How to Hire a Roofing Contractor

The storm is over. Unfortunately you've discovered that it left behind damage to your roof from hail and possibly wind. After you have reached a settlement with your insurance carrier you have to find a reliable contractor to do the repair work. Since the storm was so severe, there are lots of contractors in town, many who have come into town due to the large volume of work required to repair all of the damage. So where do you start to find a good one?

Should I shop around for a roofing contractor?

Absolutely. You comparison shop for everything else, why not for the services of a contractor who will be working on your home? And there are generally plenty to choose from advertising in the newspaper and on yard signs, as well as the local contractors advertising in the phone book. Remember that construction is a competitive business. Contractors are used to bidding or estimating work and are also used to not getting jobs. If a contractor urges you to not seek other bids, or acts like you're questioning his reputation if you'd seek another bid, move on. This contractor is not for you. Likewise, determine ahead of time that you are going to get more than one bid, and stick to it! Many contractors depend on their charisma and not their craftsmanship to sell jobs. Don't be impulsive. Especially if they offer you a "Hail Sale" price and say that the bid is only good until they leave the property. That's usually how long the warranty will last on the job as well. Unless you are personally familiar with a specific contractor that you trust and you know the kind of work that they do or have even used them before, <u>always</u> get more than one bid or estimate. Before going to the yellow pages in search of a contractor, ask friends for recommendations of contractors they've used before. That way you've also got a built-in reference. However, don't settle on contacting just one contractor just because a friend recommended him. Check with the Better Business Bureau, they have performed research on many contractors and may offer some valuable insight.

How many bids should I get?

It's usually best to get at least three bids. After a large storm, you may have to be patient or persistent to get contractors to give you a bid.

Make sure that when you are seeking bids, you are asking all of the contractors to bid apples-to-apples. Each contractor should bid on exactly the same thing in order for you to have an accurate comparison of their bids.

Some contractors will want to immediately start negotiating the scope of work to try and give a cheaper bid. Negotiating the price comes after you have narrowed the field to the first contractor that you want to offer the job to. It is also helpful to ask for an <u>itemized bid</u>. That way you can at least compare the major components of the various bids.

Remember the old adage that "you get what you pay for". The cheapest bid may not always be the best bid. It is important that you ask for references when requesting bids and actually seeing the work the contractor has done. It's best to ask for at least three references with phone numbers of customers that you can actually talk to. You must decide how much quality that you are willing to pay for. And quality includes workmanship as well as materials. If fine craftsmanship is important to you, don't look to the cheapest bidder. Companies with established reputations can usually charge more because they've worked hard to establish that reputation by delivering great workmanship, customer service and warranty protection.

Things you might not get from a contractor who runs his whole business from a pickup truck with a cell phone. (That kind of contractor is not necessarily bad, but you would definitely need to check references.)

How do I actually hire a contractor?

Now that you've narrowed the field to the one or two bidders that have given the best price, you can begin the real work of actually hiring the contractor. Here are some basic questions and tips that can help you improve your chances of making a good choice:

- Call the Better Business Bureau (BBB) to see if the contractor is a member or to see if any complaints have been lodged against the contractor. Some contractors are accredited by the BBB and most have ratings.
- > Ask how long the contractor has been in business.
- Verify that the contractor is licensed with the City of Amarillo. A contractor who performs roofing work is required to be a "Residential or Commercial Roofing Contractor or both.
- For a list of these contractors or to verify that the contractor you have chosen is properly licensed, contact the City of Amarillo Department of Building Safety at (806) 378-3041.
- Ask for copies of the contractor's insurance coverage and make sure the coverage is current. Contractors should have liability, worker's compensation, and property damage coverage. Contractors registered with the City of Amarillo are required to have a License and Permit Surety Bond for potential issues which may arise from poor workmanship, code violations or uncompleted work.
- It is the Roofing Contractor's responsibility to obtain the required permits and make sure it is clearly spelled out in the final contract. Require the contractor to furnish you with a copy of the permit before allowing them to start work. If you are unsure about what work requires a permit, contact the Department of Building Safety. Our staff will be more than happy to answer your questions.
- > Ask about their warranty policy. Always try to get at least a one-year warranty, and get it in writing.
- Make sure you create a time line for completion of the project and make sure that time line makes it into your final contract.
- Make sure you feel comfortable with them. If you think someone acts suspicious, don't hire them. Trust your intuition.
- Get everything in writing! Even if the contractor is someone you know and trust, you should always have a written contract or detailed bid proposal. Especially if the contractor is a friend. Contracts help friends stay friends by providing a detailed record of exactly what was agreed to and not relying on memories of past discussions. And if negotiations have modified the original bid proposal, make sure the changes are reflected in the written contract.

What else can I do to protect myself?

One way to protect yourself is by paying for the job prudently.

- ✓ Try to make your down payment as small as possible. Traditionally, for larger projects, 10% is customary.
- ✓ If the contractor does not have the credit or the cash flow to buy the materials he will need, purchase the materials yourself from his materials list and have them delivered directly to the job. Never give a contractor a credit card to purchase materials, and before they begin work, never

give the contractor the entire amount of cash for all of the materials necessary for the entire project, unless the cost won't exceed a few hundred dollars.

- ✓ Make payments periodically during the job, and make them contingent on satisfactory completion of certain parts of the job. If a contractor fails to pass along payments to suppliers, the supplier may file a mechanic's lien against the property. The property may not then be sold until the lien is paid or otherwise released. It is possible that you would have to pay that debt and have to try to recover the money from the contractor. There are also a few simple measures to insure that you don't end up legally bound to pay twice for the same product or service. Ask the builder how he will assure you that payments you make to him actually get passed on to the suppliers.
- ✓ Don't make final payment or sign off on the job until you are satisfied with the completed job and until you know all the suppliers have been paid. If final payment is due to the builder and the builder needs this payment to pay his supplier, make sure the contractor supplies you with a conditional release upon final payment from the supplier that states this is a final release when he receives X amount of money. Then issue a two-party check to the builder and supplier that insures that payment is made to the supplier. Avoid paying the final payment until you are 100% satisfied with the work. Don't pay them even if there's just a few "little things left to do." Make sure they DO them -- otherwise, they'll take the money and chances are you'll never see them again. Be tough!
- ✓ If the final bill exceeds the estimate, and you have not approved the increase (See the section Get everything in writing), check with state, local and consumer agencies to see if local regulations can help to protect you. If there is some discrepancy hold the retainage until the matter is solved in or out of court. It is easier to keep your money than get it back.
- ✓ Remember, if you use a credit card to pay some expenses and there is a problem, you may be able to ask your credit card company to withhold payment.

And last but not least!

Remember that most roofing contractors are honest, and chances are you will hire a reputable contractor anyway. But employing even a few of these tips can increase your odds for a successful project and help to protect you from the less-than-ethical or less-than-competent contractors. A little investment in time to pick the right contractor may be the cheapest insurance ever.

Additional resources contact information:

Better Business Bureau 806-379-6222	http://txpanhandle.bbb.org/
Department of Building Safety 806-378-3041	http://www.amarillo.gov/?page_id=95

Texas Panhandle Roofing Contractors Association <u>http://tprca.com/</u>